



EDAudio: Easy Data Augmentation Techniques for Audio Classification

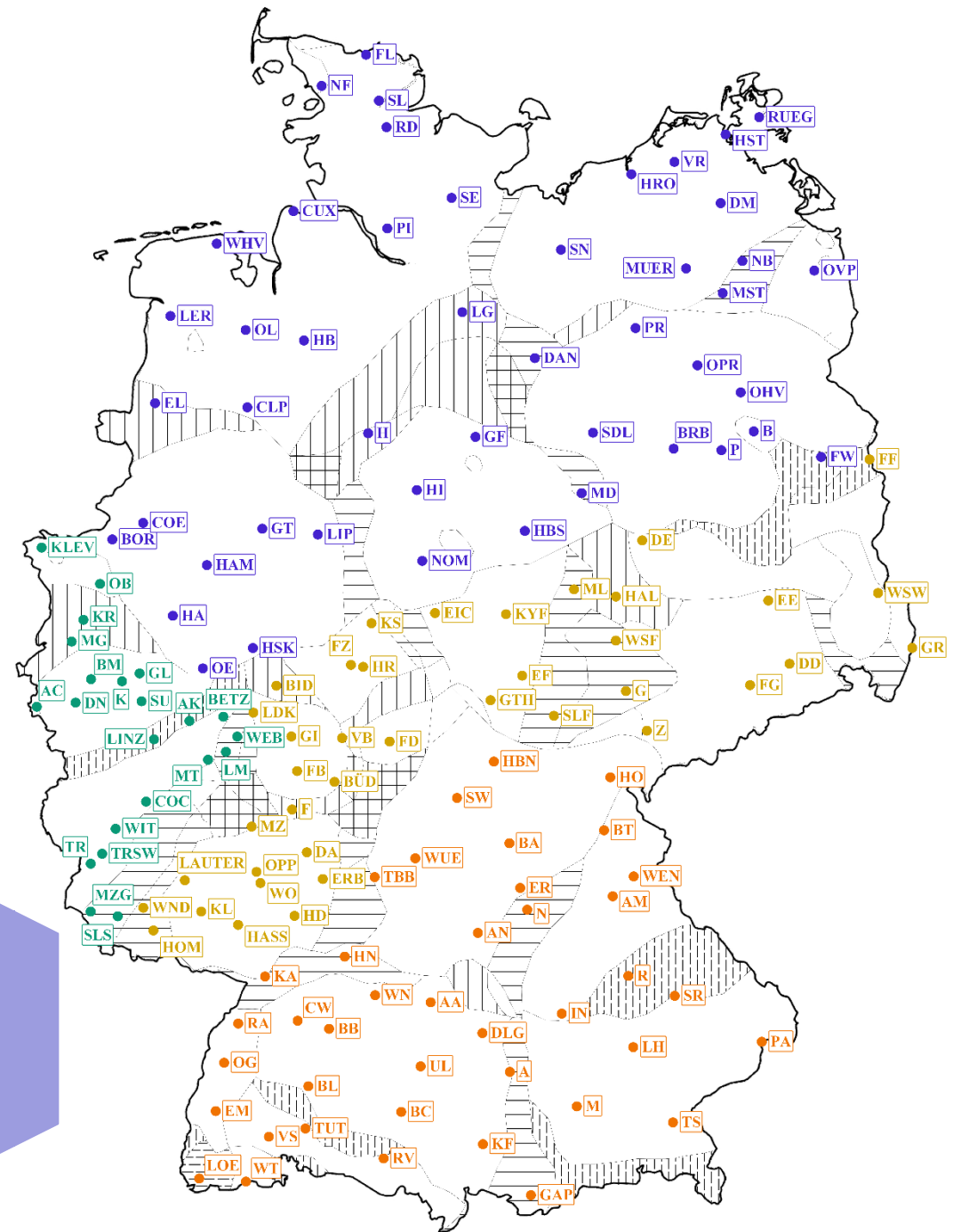
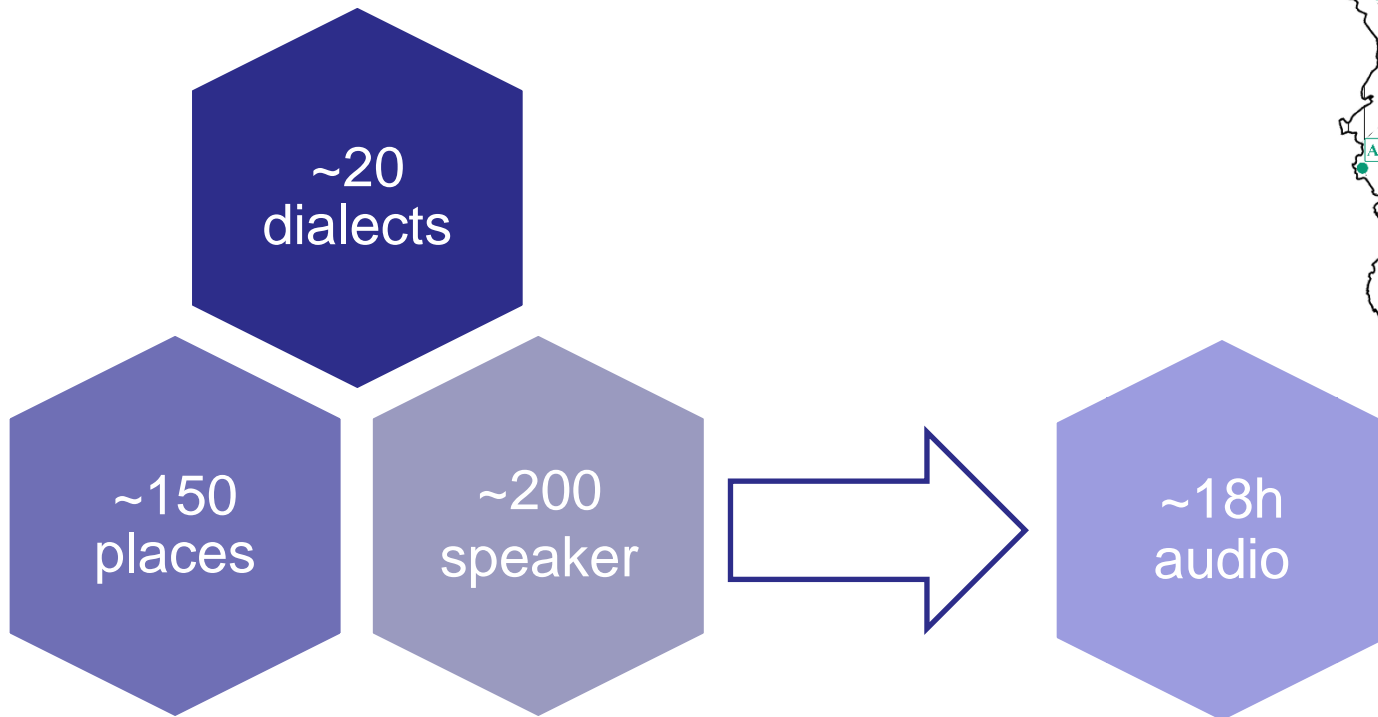


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Overview

- Recordings from Regionalsprache.de (2008-2012)
- Used Speaker are male and +65years
- Used Recordings contain dialectal „Wenker phrases“¹



¹<https://www.uni-marburg.de/en/fb09/dsa/research-documentation-center/wenkersaetze>

Why Augmentation?

- Increase in Dataset Size
- Regularization
- Balancing Classes



Improvement in Model Performance

Experiment Motivation

Spectrogram Data Augmentation (SDA)

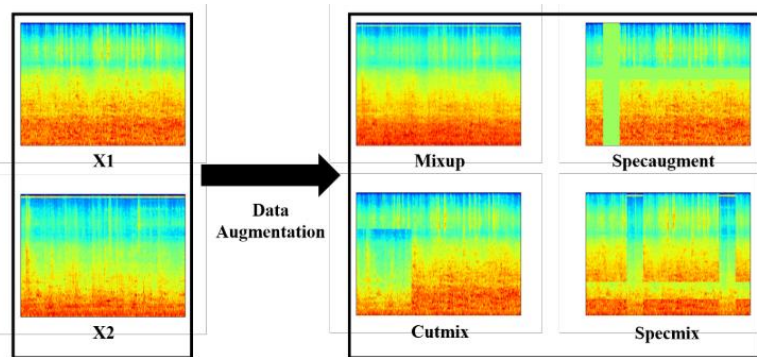


Figure 1: Overview of the data augmentation methods: Mixup, Cutmix, SpecAugment and our Specmix.

G. Kim, D. K. Han, and H. Ko, "Specmix: A mixed sample data augmentation method for training with time-frequency domain features," arXiv preprint arXiv:2108.03020, 2021

D. S. Park, W. Chan, Y. Zhang, C.-C. Chiu, B. Zoph, E. D. Cubuk, and Q. V. Le, "SpecAugment: A simple data augmentation method for automatic speech recognition," arXiv preprint arXiv:1904.08779, 2019

Environmental Sound Classification

J. Salamon and J. P. Bello, "Deep convolutional neural networks and data augmentation for environmental sound classification," IEEE Signal processing letters, vol. 24, no. 3, pp. 279–283, 2017.

- speed modification yields the most significant improvement
- noise addition contributes the least



Not true for dialect classification

Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR)

T. Fukuda, R. Fernandez, A. Rosenberg, S. Thomas, B. Ramabhadran, A. Sorin, and G. Kurata, "Data augmentation improves recognition of foreign accented speech." in Interspeech, no. September, 2018, pp. 2409–2413.

- Pitch Shift only method leading to improvement across all classes
- BN in charge of the least improvement



Not true for dialect classification

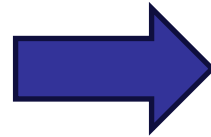
Experiment Setup

- Weighted f1-Score
- Cut Audio Files into 10-second Segments
- Fixed Speaker for training/validation/testing
- Run Model 50 times → get mean Score
- Starting with weighted f1_Score of 0.221

Experiment Motivation

Text Classification

J. Wei and K. Zou, "Eda: Easy data augmentation techniques for boosting performance on text classification tasks," arXiv preprint arXiv:1901.11196, 2019



Operation	Sentence
None	A sad, superior human comedy played out on the back roads of life.
SR Synonym Replacement	A <i>lamentable</i> , superior human comedy played out on the <i>backward</i> road of life.
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Segment
Removal

Segment
Swap

Shifting
Pitch

Background
Noise

Time
Masking

Speaker
Insertion

Time
Stretching

Frequency
Masking

Volume
Confusion

Speed
Confusion

Frequency
Swapping

Augmentation

Time
Reversing

Frequency
Insertion

Experimental Setup



Experimental Setup



P. Boersma and D. Weenink,
"Praat: doing phonetics by
computer
[Computer program]," Version
6.1.38, retrieved 2 January 2021
<http://www.praat.org/>, 2021.

$$n_{aug} = (\alpha * l_{audio}) / l_{aug}$$

		α			
		0.1	0.3	0.5	1.0
l_{aug}	0.3	3	10	16	33
	1	1	3	5	10
	4	-	-	1	2
	5	-	-	1	2
	10	-	-	-	1

$$n_{augFiles} = \{1, 2, 4, 6\}$$

```
1 def generate_intervals(length, times, total_len):
2     result = []
3     # Ensure there's enough space for intervals
4     if times * length > total_len:
5         raise ValueError("Not enough space for intervals in the given range.")
6
7     # Generate 'times' random interval starting points
8     end = 0
9     for i in range(times):
10        old_end = end
11        start_tmp = random.randint(0, total_len - ((times-i) * length))
12        start = start_tmp + old_end
13        end = start + length
14        result.append(start)
15        # Adjust starting point for the next interval to avoid overlap
16        total_len -= start_tmp + length
17    return result
18
```

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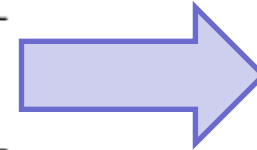
Augmentation

Time
Reversing

Frequency
Insertion

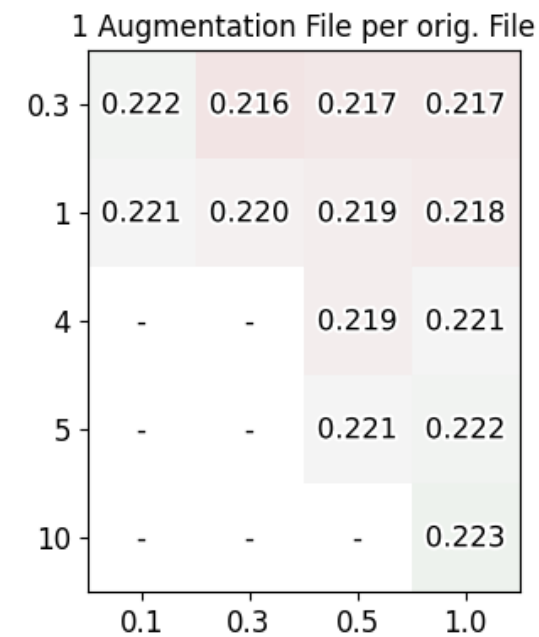
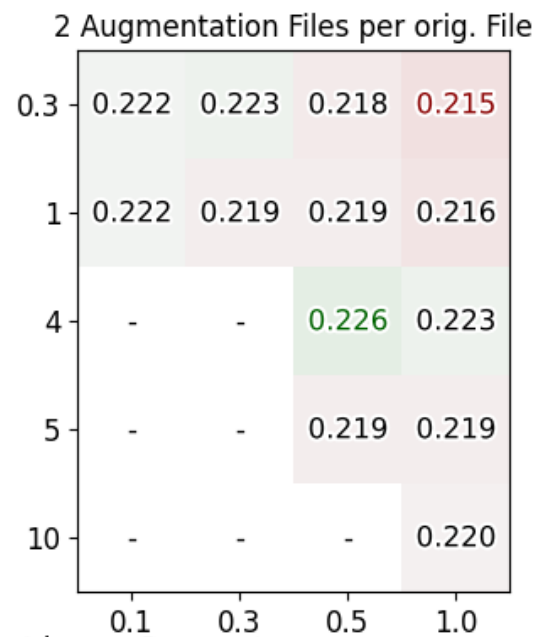
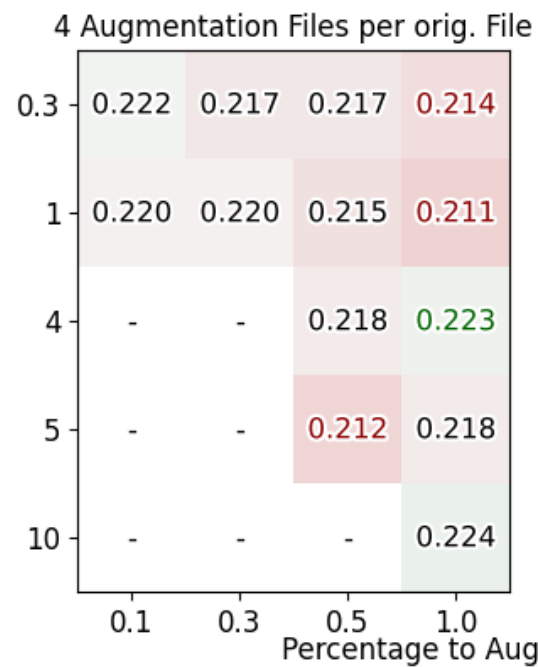
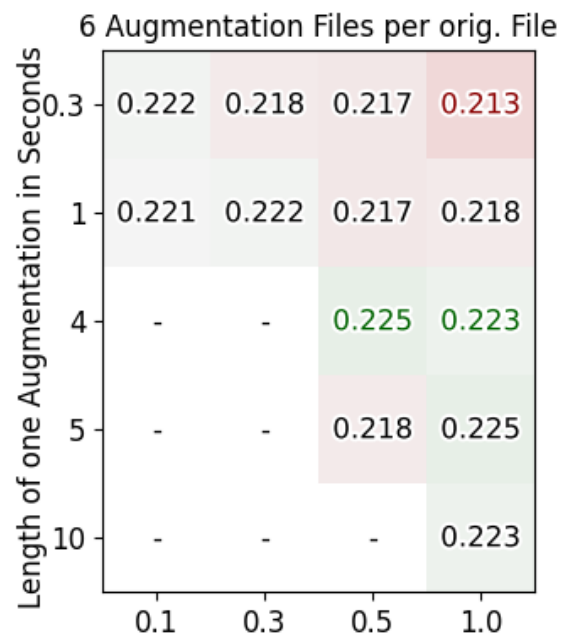
EDA

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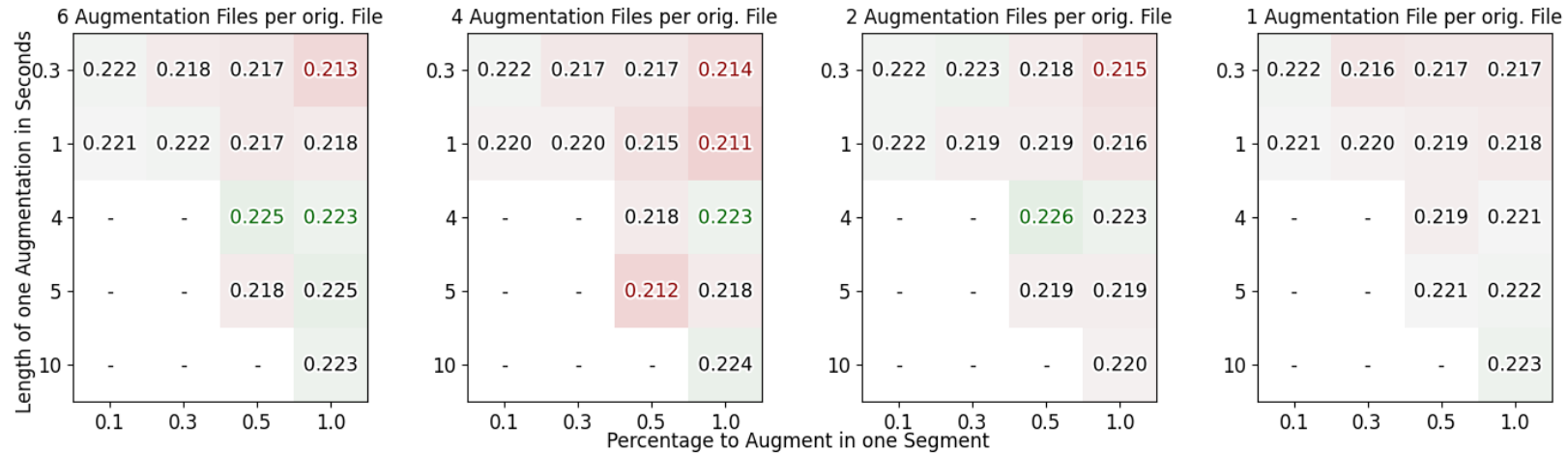


Shifting Pitch (SP)

Shifting Pitch



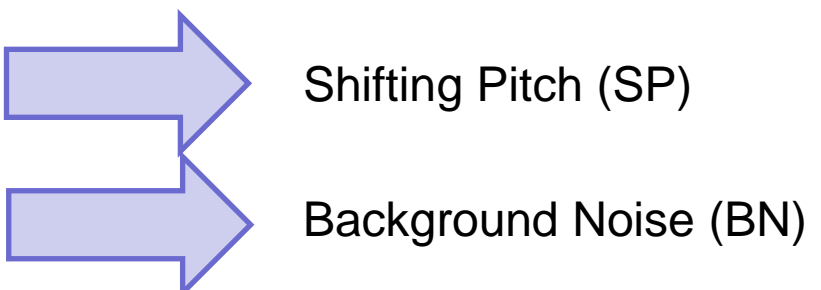
Shifting Pitch



- Optimal: 2 Files per original File, 50% augmentation rate, length of 4 seconds each
- 0.5% enhancement compared to without augmentation

EDA

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Shifting Pitch (SP)

Background Noise (BN)

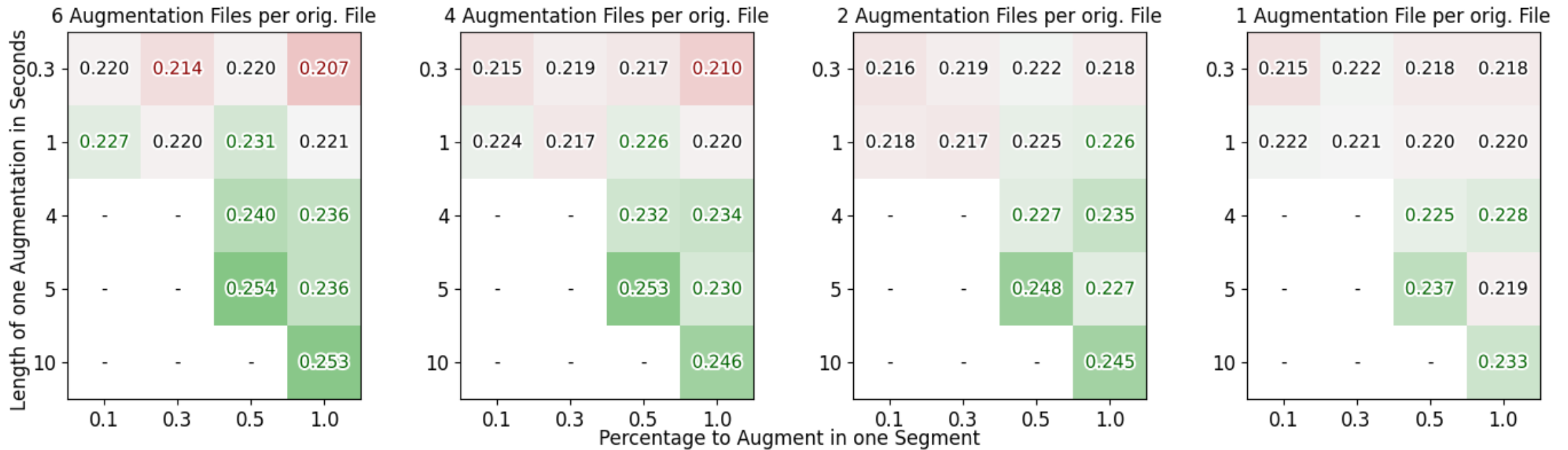
Background Noise

MUSAN

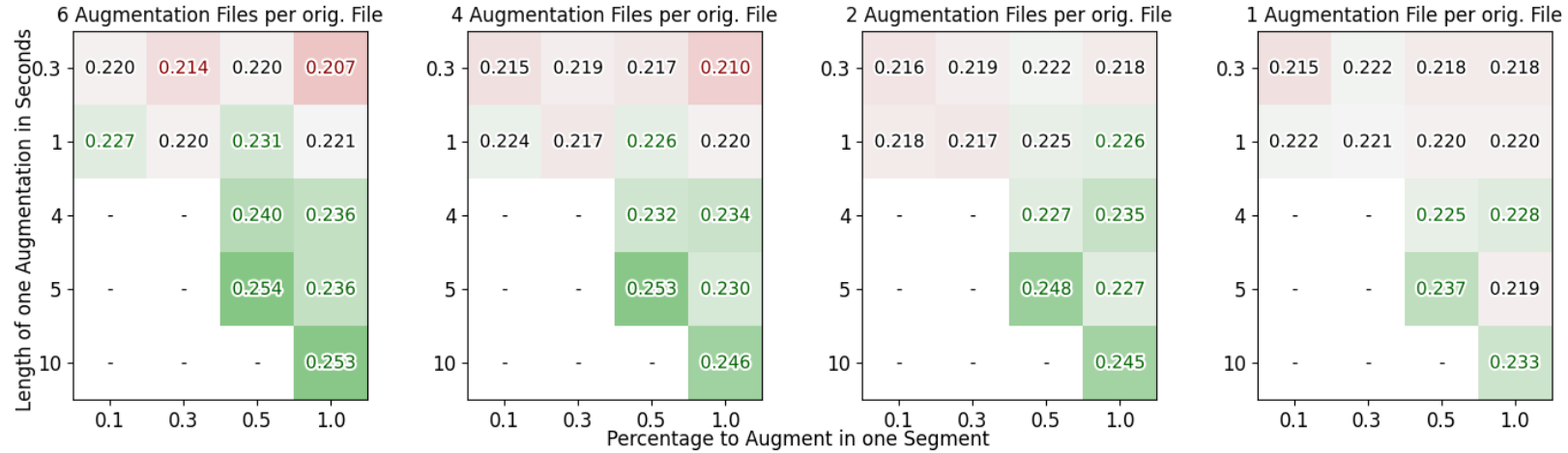
D. Snyder, G. Chen, and D. Povey, "Musan: A music, speech, and noise corpus," arXiv preprint arXiv:1510.08484, 2015.

- 929 noise files
- Total duration ~6h
- Technical noises such as
 - Dialtones
 - Fax machine
- Ambient sounds such as
 - Car idling
 - Thunder/wind/rain
 - Paper rustling
 - Animal noises
- Random part of random noise file
- Scale noise that resulting SNRdB is in [0,30]

Background Noise



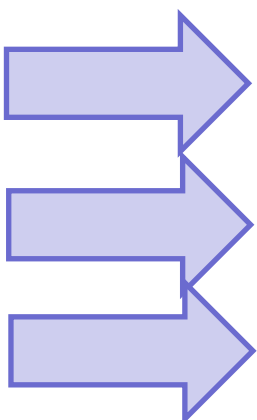
Background Noise



- inserting background noise works best when only one noise sound is inserted
- Optimal: 6 Files per original File, 50% augmentation rate, length of 5 seconds each
- 3.3% enhancement compared to without augmentation
- worse with shorter augmentation length
 - Because of general shorter length or the chosen noise sounds?
 - Test again for 6 Files per original File, 100% augmentation rate, length of 0.3 seconds each
 - Only use files from MULAN with ≥ 5 seconds
 - significant better result, but still significant worse than without augmentation
 - important to use the right noise file

EDA

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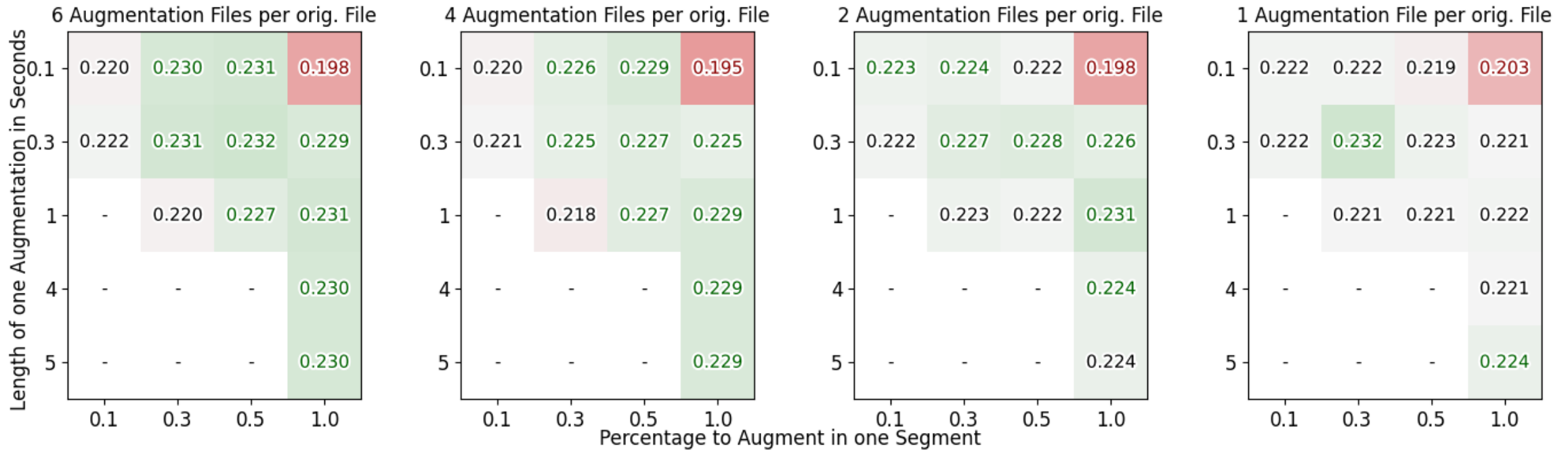


Shifting Pitch (SP)

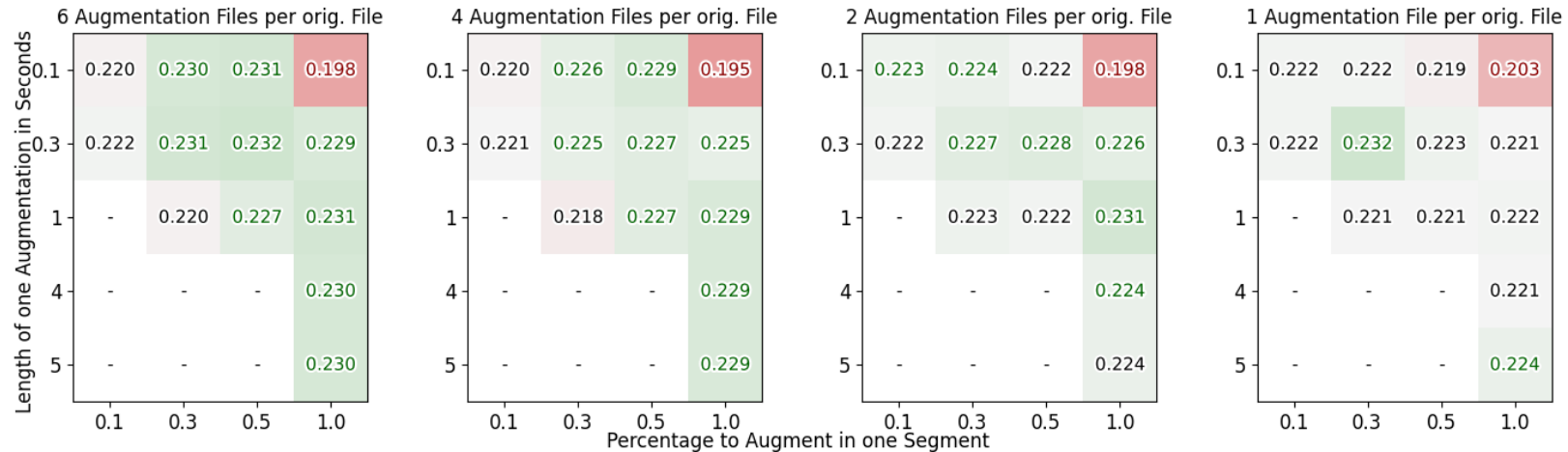
Background Noise (BN)

Segment Swap (SeS)

Segment Swap

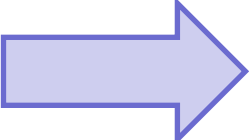
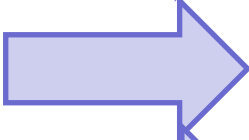




Segment Swap

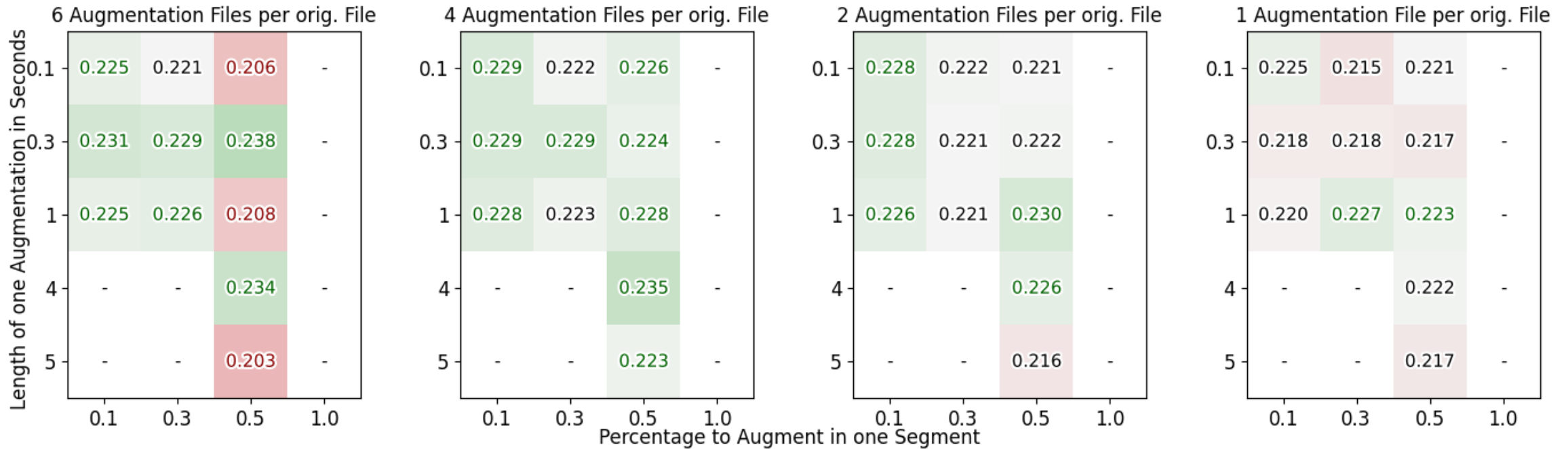


- one parameter combination with a significantly poorer outcome:
100% augmentation and 0.1 seconds
 - insufficient duration of 0.1 seconds
 - related to the length of the vowels and consonants (length <0.3seconds)
- Optimal: 1 File per original File, 30% augmentation rate, length of 0.3 seconds each
 - using 6 files (with same Score) may not justify the increased computational overhead
- 1.1% enhancement compared to without augmentation

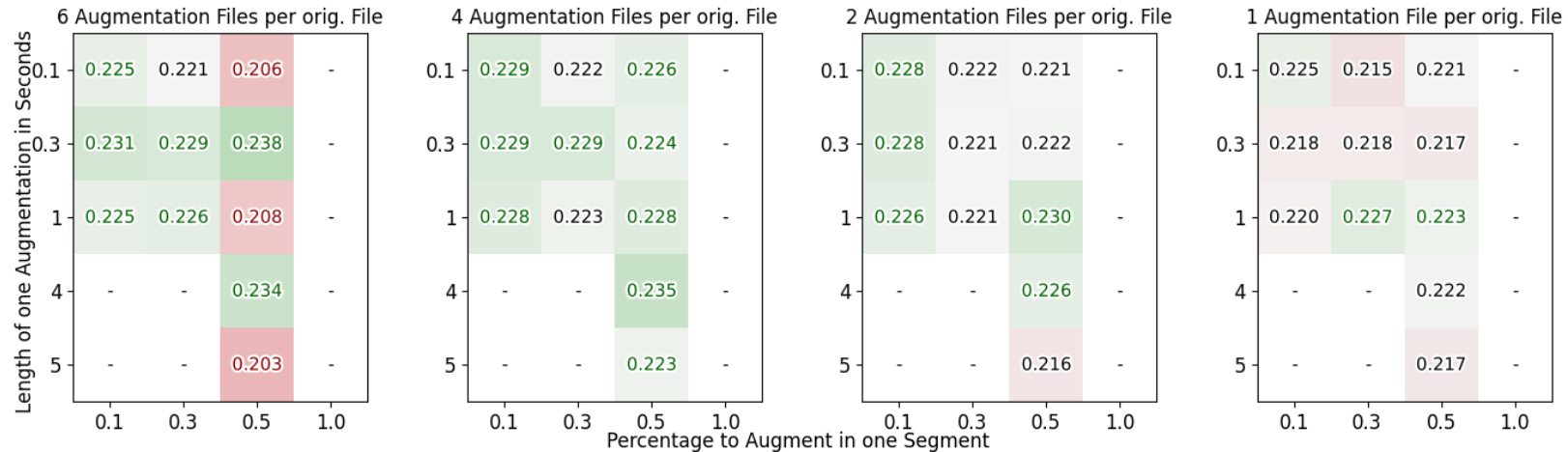
EDA

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RI Random Insertion	A sad, superior human comedy played out on <i>funniness</i> the back roads of life.	 Background Noise (BN)
RS Random Swap	A sad, superior human comedy played out on <i>roads</i> back <i>the</i> of life.	 Segment Swap (SeS)
RD Random Deletion	A sad, superior human out on the roads of life.	 Segment Removal (SeR)

Segment Removal

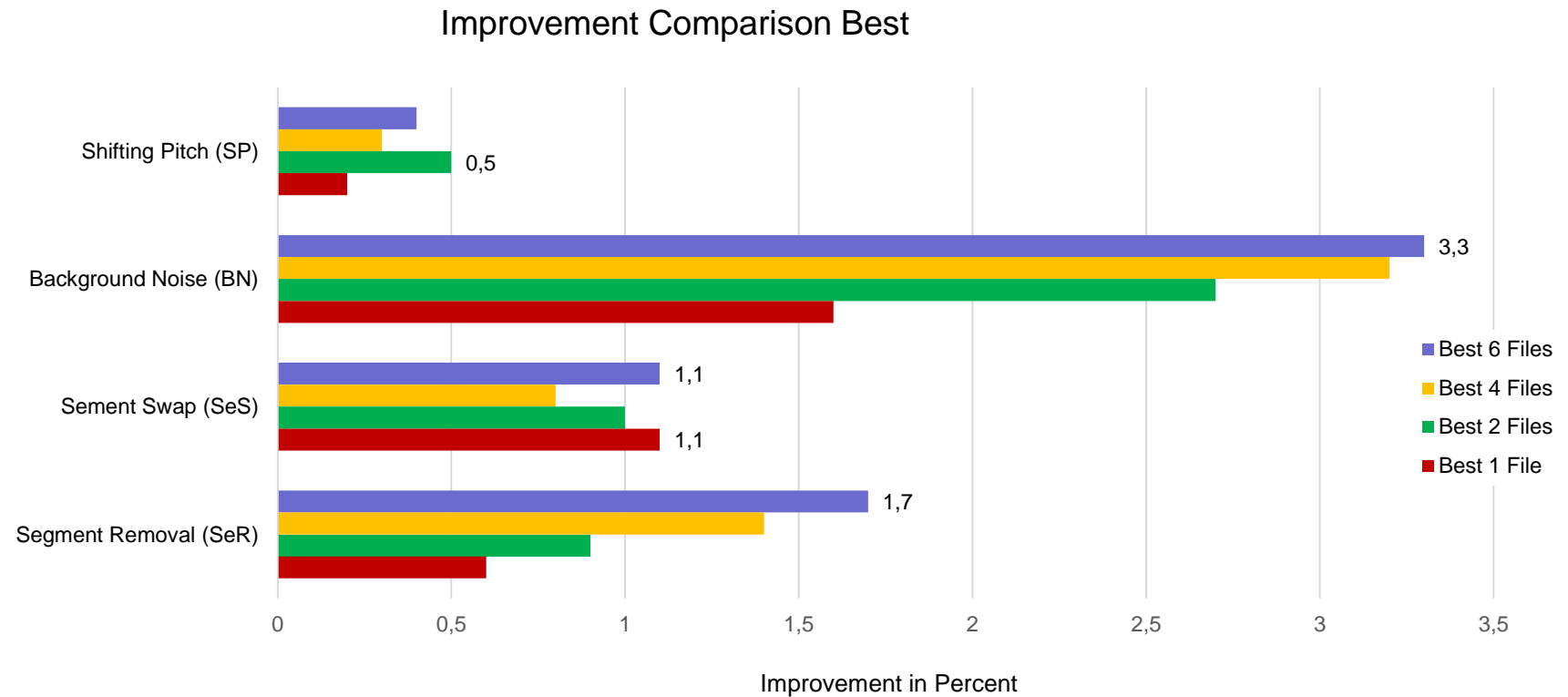


Segment Removal



- Optimal: 6 Files per original File, 50% augmentation rate, length of 0.3 seconds each
- 1.7% enhancement compared to without augmentation
- For 6 Files per original File, 50% augmentation rate there are three significant worse results
 - Only results with significant worse performance
 - Conversely not for 4, 2 or 1 Files per original File

Results Main Methods



Segment
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Masking

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Time Masking

- Similar to Segment Removal
- but the interval is not removed
- instead, it is replaced by zeros
- Used values for Hyperparameters:
 - $n_{\text{augFiles}} = 6$
 - $\alpha = 0.5$
 - $l_{\text{aug}} = 0.3$

Speaker Insertion

- The specific interval is replaced by another random interval from a different speaker
- Speaker is of the same class (hence, the same dialect).
- Used values for Hyperparameters:
 - $n_{\text{augFiles}} = 1$
 - $\alpha = 0.3$
 - $l_{\text{aug}} = 0.3$

Time Stretching & Speed Confusion

- Time Stretching
 - Intervals are time stretched within the range of [0.8, 1.2]
 - Pitch remains unchanged
- Speed Confusion
 - Similar to TS
 - But Pitch changes too
 - To archive that, the Interval gets resampled, but saved with the original sample rate
 - $\text{newSamplingRate} = \text{rate} * \text{oldSamplingRate}, \text{rate} \in [0.8, 1.2]$

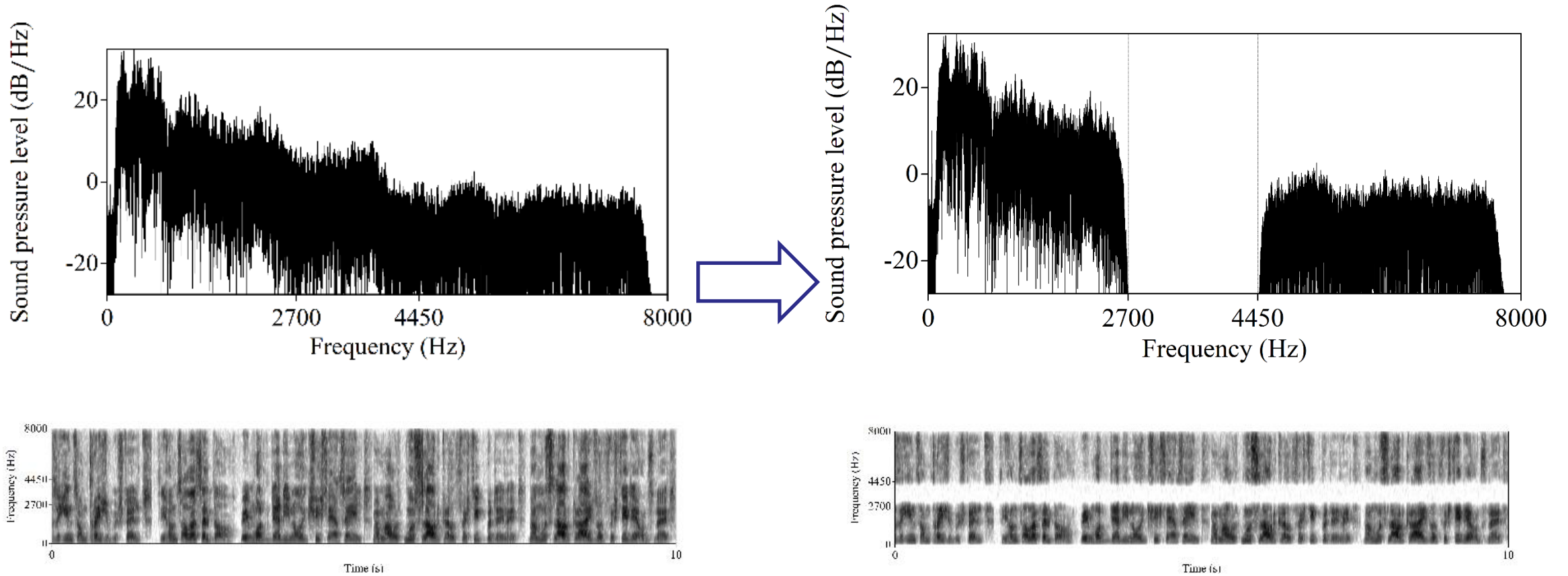
Volume Confusion & Time Reversing

- Volume Confusion
 - Peak of the segment is set to a value within the range [0.2, 0.8]
- Time Reversing
 - Order of the samples in the Interval gets reversed
- Used values for Hyperparameters:
 - $n_{\text{augFiles}} = 2$
 - $\alpha = 0.5$
 - $l_{\text{aug}} = 4.0$

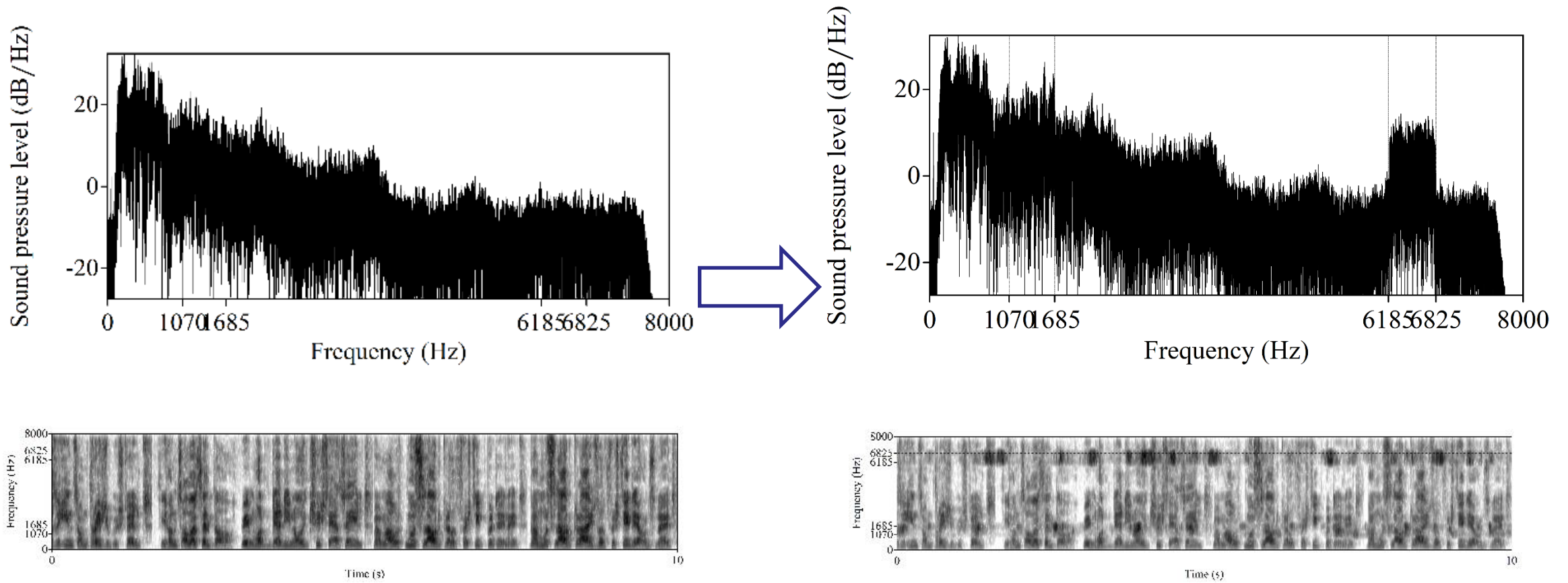
Frequency manipulation

- Used values for Hyperparameters:
 - $n_{\text{augFiles}} = 6$
 - $\alpha = \text{not needed}$
 - $l_{\text{aug}} = \text{not needed}$

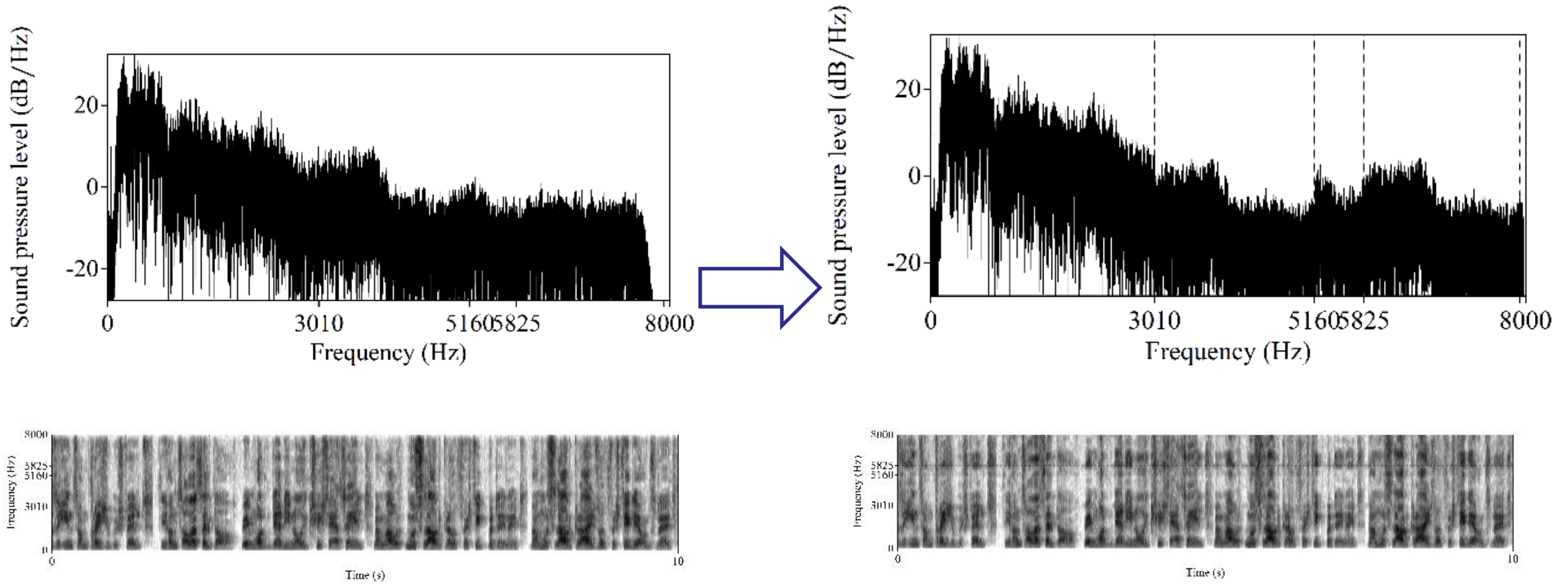
Frequency Masking



Frequency Insertion

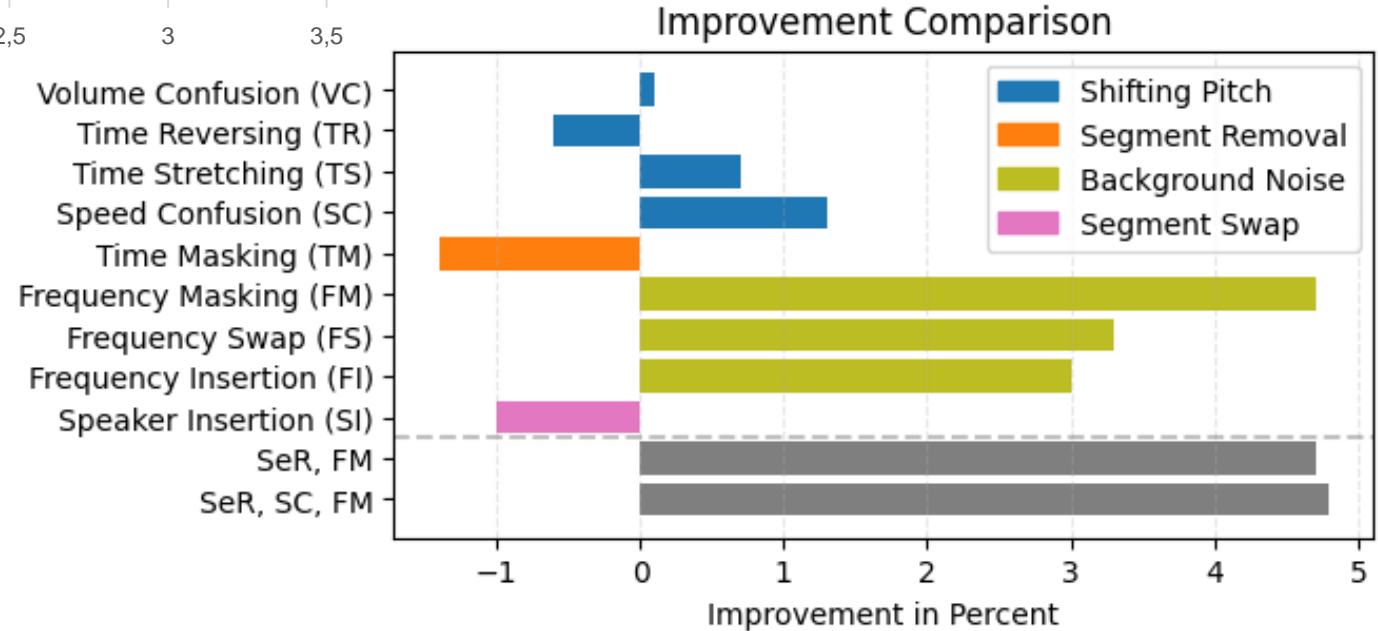
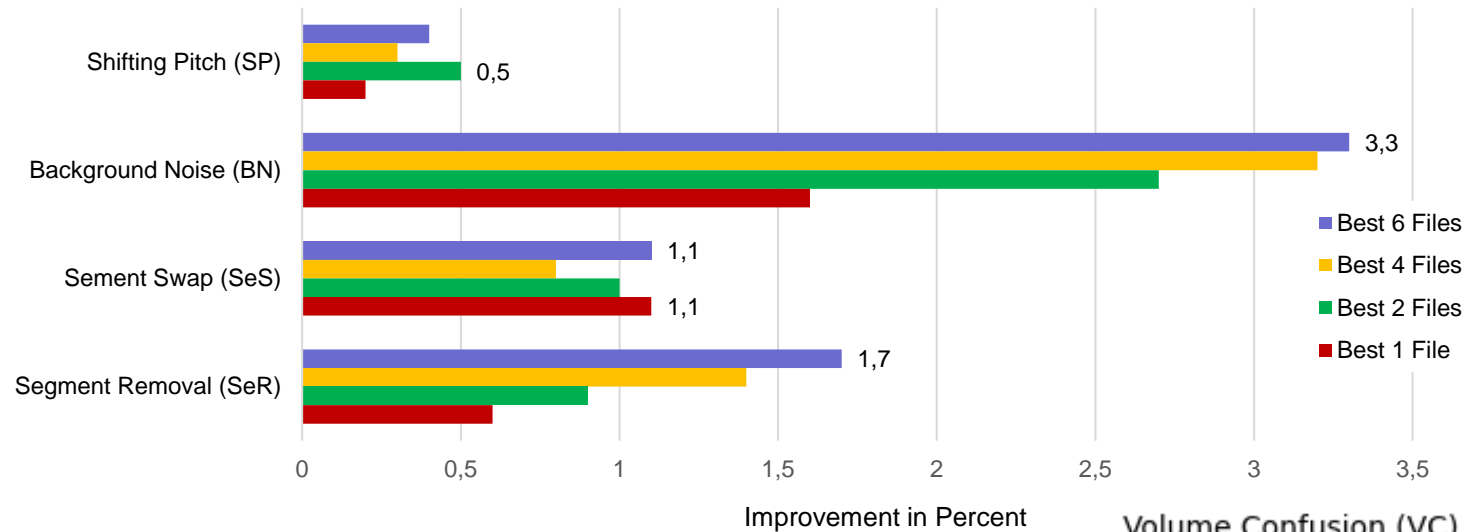


Frequency Swapping



Results of all Methods

Improvement Comparison Best



Conclusion

- Best Method is Frequency Masking
- 4.7% better than without augmentation (from 0.221 to 0.268)
- Generally, all methods that are masking frequencies yield the best results
- Can add Segment Removal without performance loss to reduce computation effort

Thanks for your attention!
Any Questions?